## Metatextile: Ruptured narratives, exchanged values

Pio Abad Jeremy Deller / Ed Hall Timur Novikov

Nazgol Ansarinia Leah Dixon Liubov Popova

Adrian Esparza Slavs & Tatars

Nevet Yitzhak

Private View: 6-8pm, 9 June 2016 Exhibition: 10 June - 13 August 2016 Open Tuesday to Saturday 11 - 6pm

Edel Assanti is pleased to present Metatextile, an exhibition drawing together historic and contemporary works united in their employment of fabric and textiles as a means of challenging prevalent social hierarchies, historical narratives and perceived value systems.

The exhibition aims to highlight the consistent artistic strategies surrounding the use of textiles as an avantgarde medium. These include the outsourcing of labour as a method of retaining proximity to specific traditions or communities; the assimilation of culturally-specific aesthetic languages as a critique of the orders of value, history or identity that they evoke; the collapsing of public and private domains to draw attention to the relationship between citizen and state, ideology and individual, and domestic versus communal.

Textiles maintain a constant presence across human history and geography, employed not only for functional ends, but also as agents of cultural interaction. The value in which they are esteemed varies across cultures and contexts, ranging from utilitarian to artisanal and even reverential status. Beyond their immediate practical applications, textiles have been an important means of portraying and disseminating historical narratives, and equally as an abstract record of collective memory in folk communities. More recently, the medium has emerged as an apparatus in international avant-garde artistic practices that share a remarkable conceptual proximity.

Metatextile includes one of the earliest examples of the use of textiles within a 20th century avant-garde context, in the form of Constructivist artist Liubov Popova's hammer and sickle fabric designs. It was the accessibility of the material that attracted Popova, who claimed 'no single artistic success gave me such profound satisfaction as the sight of a peasant woman buying a piece of my fabric for a dress.' The proximity of the medium to a broader public context equally informs its use by many of the artists who followed Popova, including Pio Abad, Nazgol Ansarinia and Adrian Esparza. The exhibition includes the loan of the seminal work Apollo Trampling on the Black Square from the Estate of Timur Novikov – the artwork that launched the post-communist New Academy movement in St Petersburg. The work encapsulates the conflict between the spiritual essence of art (the god Apollo) and the guintessence of the revolutionary avant-garde (Malevich's Black Square).

The exhibition also includes a Mappa by Alighiero Boetti, an early example of the practice of the artist removing himself from the production process within the medium. Boetti left many creative choices to the artisans in Pakistan and Afghanistan whom he commissioned to make his Mappa series, which impacted on both their designs and content. The series' cataloguing of a changing global geopolitical landscape from 1971 to 1994 forms a cradle for many of the themes of national and generational identity that the exhibition seeks to explore in its core focus on artists working with textiles today.

Boetti's procedure is echoed in the work of Maja Bajevic, Jeremy Deller and Slavs and Tatars, who respectively commissioned artisanal workshops to fabricate their works, each with distinct motives relating to the heritage or origins of the workers they selected. Bajevic's tapestries are drawn from her series included in All the World's Futures at the 56th Venice Biennale, in which traditional Bosnian embroidery is used to replicate the fluctuations of stock market indexes around the world. The works question what kind of value we place on traditional craftsmanship in the face of the relentless homogenisation caused by globalisation. The exhibition also includes especially commissioned banners made by Jeremy Deller in collaboration with British sign-maker Ed Hall, referencing the alternative history documented within Hall's protest banners over the past four decades.

The traditional significance of textiles makes them an ideal site for interrogation of the defining events of our era within a broad historical and cultural context. As demonstrated in Metatextile, it seems unsurprising that artists have appropriated textiles and the heritage they invoke as a means of defining a generation's identity, and challenging overarching narratives and systems of communication that govern contemporary society.

The exhibition is accompanied by a publication featuring an essay by Anne Roehl of Kunsthistorisches Institut, Zurich.

